

ePAR SENSORS

SQ-610 Series

Spectral Response



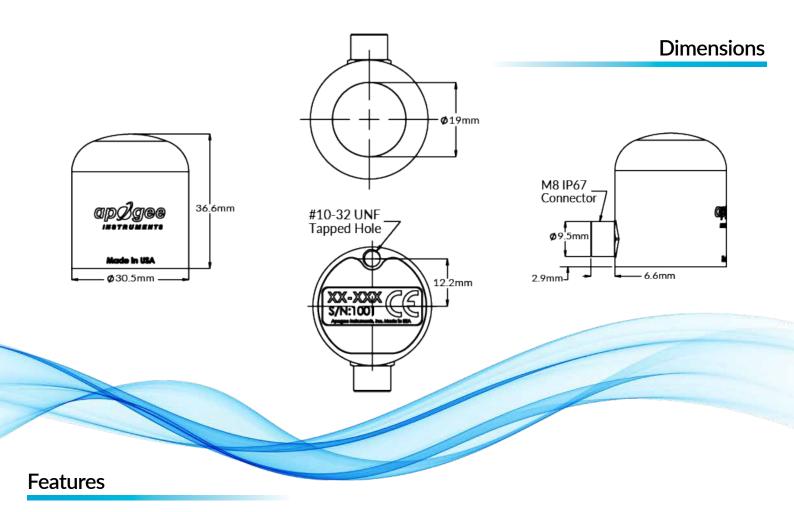
Spectral response of the ePAR sensor (green) compared to the "ePAR" target response (dashed) and the tradiational PAR response (dotted).

Product Specifications

	SQ-610-SS	SQ-612-SS	SQ-614-SS	SQ-615-SS	SQ-616	SQ-617-SS	SQ-618-SS	
Power Supply	Self-powered	5 to 24 V DC	12 to 24 V DC	5.5 to 24 V DC	5 V USB	5.5 to 24 V DC		
Current Draw	_	at 12 V is 57 μ A	Maximum of 20 mA	at 12 V is 57 μΑ	61 mA when logging	1.4 mA (quiescent), 1.8 mA (active)	RS-232 37 mA; RS-485 quiescent 37 mA, active 42 mA	
Sensitivity	0.01 mV per μmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹	0.625 mV per $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	0.004 mA per $\mu \text{mol m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	1.25 mV per μmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹		-		
Output Type	0 to 40 mV	0 to 2.5 V	4 to 20 mA	0 to 5 V	USB	SDI-12	Modbus	
Resolution	-				0.1 μmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹		_	
Calibration Factor	100 μmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ per mV	1.6 μmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ per mV	250 μmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ per mA	0.8 μmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ per mV	Custom for e	each sensor and stored in the firmware		
Calibration Uncertainty	± 5 %							
Measurement Range	0 to 4000 μmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹							
Measurement Repeatability	Less than 0.5 %							
Long-term Drift	Less than 2 % per year							
Non-linearity	Less than 1 % (up to 4000 μ mol m ⁻² s ⁻¹)							
Response Time	Less than 1 ms					0.6 s	_	
Field of View	180°							
Spectral Range	380 to 760 nm \pm 5 nm (wavelengths where response is greater than 50 $\%$ of maximum)							
Directional (Cosine) Response	$\pm~2~\%$ at 45° zenith angle, $\pm~5~\%$ at 75° zenith angle							
Temperature Response	-0.11 ± 0.04 % per C							
Operating Environment	-40 to 70 C; 0 to 100 % relative humidity; can be submerged in water up to depths of 30 m							
Dimensions	30.5 mm diameter, 37 mm height							
Mass (with 5 m of cable)	140 g							
Warranty	4 years against defects in materials and workmanship							

Overview

The new Apogee ePAR (extended PAR) sensor was created to measure the wider 380-760 nm radiation range that cutting-edge research is showing to be photosynthetically active, beyond the traditional 400-700 nm range defined by McCree. Most of this transformative work to refine and define the ePAR range is being conducted by Dr. Shuyang Zhen and Dr. Bruce Bugbee at Utah State University.



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Total ePAR intensity measurements over plant canopies in all growing environments
- Monitor and adjust grow lights
- Research plant morphogenic activity
- Photobiology studies

MULTIPLE OUTPUT OPTIONS

- 0 to 40 mV
- 0 to 2.5 V
- 0 to 5 V
- 4 to 20 mA
- USB
- SDI-12
- Modbus
- or hand-held meter

ACCURATE, STABLE MEASUREMENTS

Cosine-corrected with directional errors less than ± 5 % at a solar zenith angle of 75°. Long-term non-stability less than 2 % per year.

HIGH QUALITY CABLE

Pigtail-lead sensors feature on IP68, marine-grade stainless-steel cable connectors attached directly to the sensor head to simplify sensor removal for maintenance and recalibration.

CALIBRATION TRACEABILITY

Apogee Instruments SQ-600 series ePAR sensors are calibrated through side-by-side comparison to the mean of four transfer standard sensors under a reference lamp. The transfer standard sensors are recalibrated with a quartz halogen lamp traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).



